

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

4-Anilino-3-nitrobenzonitrile

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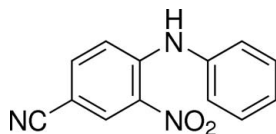
Received 15 October 2010; accepted 27 October 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.107; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$, the aromatic rings are twisted with respect to each other, making a dihedral angle of $49.41(9)^\circ$. The nitro group and the nitrile group are nearly in the plane of the benzonitrile ring, the largest deviation from the plane being $0.123(1)$ Å. There is an intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond forming an $S(6)$ ring. Weak intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into a chain parallel to the c axis. Furthermore, slipped $\pi-\pi$ interactions between symmetry-related phenyl rings [centroid-centroid distance $3.808(1)$ Å, interplanar distance $3.544(8)$ Å with an offset of 21.5°] stabilize the structure.

Related literature

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Schelz & Inst (1978). For related structures, see: McWilliam *et al.* (2001); Li, Liu *et al.* (2009); Li, Wu *et al.* (2009). For discussion of hydrogen bonding, see: Etter *et al.* (1990); Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$
 $M_r = 239.23$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 14.066(3)$ Å
 $b = 7.4290(15)$ Å

$c = 11.652(2)$ Å
 $\beta = 109.04(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1151.0(4)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K

0.30 × 0.30 × 0.10 mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.972$, $T_{\max} = 0.990$
 4199 measured reflections

2082 independent reflections
 1546 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$
 3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
 intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.107$
 $S = 1.04$
 2082 reflections

163 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.86	1.96	2.6280 (18)	134
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.93	2.59	3.478 (2)	159

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y, z + 1$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEPIII* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996), *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors thank Dr Shan Liu from Nanjing University of Technology for useful discussion and the Center of Testing and Analysis, Nanjing University, for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2613).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o3288 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810043862]

4-Anilino-3-nitrobenzonitrile

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Comment

The molecule of the title compound is non planar, the two phenyl rings make a dihedral angle of 49.41 (9)°. The nitro and nitrile groups are nearly in the plane of the C7–C12 phenyl ring with the largest deviation being 0.123 (1) Å at O2 (Fig. 1). Bond lengths and bond angles agree with related structures recently reported (Li, Liu *et al.*, 2009; Li, Wu *et al.*, 2009; McWilliam *et al.*, 2001)

There is an intramolecular N–H···O hydrogen bond forming S(6) ring (Etter *et al.*, 1990; Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). A weak intermolecular C–H···O interactions link the molecule into a chain parallel to the *c* axis (Table 1, Fig. 2). Furthermore sliipest π - π interaction between symmetry related phenyl rings (symmetry code: (i) $x, 3/2-y, 1/2+z$) stabilize the structure (centroid to centroid 3.808 (1)Å, interplanar distance 3.544 (8)Å with an offset of 21.5°.

Experimental

4-chloro-3-nitrobenzonitrile (4.0 g, 0.022 mol) was heated in 10 ml fresh distilled aniline for 18 h at 403 K. After reaction completed (TLC control) was added 50 ml ethanol, at room temperature. The brown precipitate was sucked, washed with cold ethanol (2*15 ml), dried over sodium sulfate and gave 3.3 g (63%) (Schelz & Inst, 1978). Pure compound (I) was obtained by crystallizing from ethanol. Crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C–H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

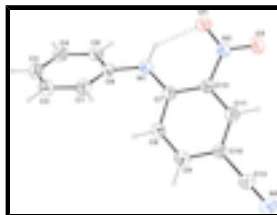


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), showing the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii. Hydrogen bond is shown as dashed line.

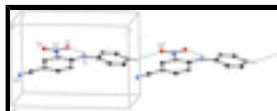


Fig. 2. A partial packing view of (I) showing the infinite chain formed by C–H···O hydrogen bonds. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity. [Symmetry code: (i) $x, y, z+1$]

4-Anilino-3-nitrobenzonitrile

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_9N_3O_2$	$F(000) = 496$
$M_r = 239.23$	$D_x = 1.381 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 25 reflections
$a = 14.066 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$
$b = 7.4290 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 11.652 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 109.04 (3)^\circ$	Block, colourless
$V = 1151.0 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	1546 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.5^\circ$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$h = -16 \rightarrow 15$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.972$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.990$	$l = 0 \rightarrow 13$
4199 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
2082 independent reflections	intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.04$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0511P)^2 + 0.1451P]$
2082 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
163 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds

in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.91767 (8)	0.4271 (2)	0.39718 (10)	0.0665 (4)
O2	0.84253 (9)	0.43363 (19)	0.20463 (10)	0.0659 (4)
N1	0.82164 (10)	0.5168 (2)	0.54802 (11)	0.0545 (4)
H1	0.8774	0.4845	0.5388	0.065*
N2	0.84229 (10)	0.45587 (19)	0.30832 (11)	0.0485 (4)
N3	0.43509 (11)	0.6904 (2)	0.03546 (14)	0.0699 (5)
C1	0.74708 (13)	0.4539 (2)	0.70743 (15)	0.0570 (5)
H1B	0.6921	0.3979	0.6517	0.068*
C2	0.75504 (15)	0.4625 (3)	0.82822 (17)	0.0669 (5)
H2A	0.7042	0.4143	0.8535	0.080*
C3	0.83667 (16)	0.5411 (3)	0.91186 (16)	0.0695 (6)
H3A	0.8414	0.5451	0.9933	0.083*
C4	0.91129 (15)	0.6136 (3)	0.87473 (16)	0.0656 (5)
H4A	0.9671	0.6659	0.9314	0.079*
C5	0.90432 (12)	0.6097 (3)	0.75389 (14)	0.0537 (4)
H5A	0.9548	0.6605	0.7290	0.064*
C6	0.82202 (11)	0.5299 (2)	0.67003 (13)	0.0463 (4)
C7	0.74482 (11)	0.5487 (2)	0.44502 (13)	0.0438 (4)
C8	0.65218 (12)	0.6207 (2)	0.44808 (14)	0.0489 (4)
H8A	0.6447	0.6444	0.5230	0.059*
C9	0.57426 (12)	0.6561 (2)	0.34586 (14)	0.0506 (4)
H9A	0.5150	0.7039	0.3520	0.061*
C10	0.58206 (11)	0.6214 (2)	0.23110 (14)	0.0461 (4)
C11	0.67092 (11)	0.5533 (2)	0.22313 (13)	0.0455 (4)
H11A	0.6771	0.5300	0.1474	0.055*
C12	0.75095 (11)	0.5196 (2)	0.32739 (13)	0.0432 (4)
C13	0.49993 (12)	0.6596 (2)	0.12224 (15)	0.0524 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0436 (7)	0.1033 (11)	0.0496 (7)	0.0174 (7)	0.0112 (5)	-0.0019 (6)
O2	0.0553 (7)	0.1003 (11)	0.0471 (7)	0.0071 (7)	0.0237 (6)	-0.0053 (6)
N1	0.0437 (7)	0.0796 (11)	0.0403 (7)	0.0117 (7)	0.0140 (6)	0.0013 (7)
N2	0.0431 (7)	0.0617 (9)	0.0421 (7)	0.0019 (7)	0.0157 (6)	-0.0028 (8)
N3	0.0545 (9)	0.0920 (13)	0.0557 (9)	0.0140 (9)	0.0076 (8)	0.0037 (9)
C1	0.0556 (10)	0.0621 (11)	0.0535 (10)	-0.0002 (9)	0.0182 (8)	0.0053 (9)

supplementary materials

C2	0.0700 (12)	0.0752 (13)	0.0661 (12)	0.0131 (11)	0.0369 (10)	0.0185 (10)
C3	0.0884 (15)	0.0803 (14)	0.0438 (10)	0.0311 (12)	0.0268 (10)	0.0111 (9)
C4	0.0634 (11)	0.0753 (13)	0.0466 (10)	0.0174 (10)	0.0022 (9)	-0.0035 (9)
C5	0.0428 (9)	0.0686 (11)	0.0476 (9)	0.0092 (8)	0.0120 (7)	0.0026 (8)
C6	0.0449 (8)	0.0540 (10)	0.0394 (8)	0.0119 (8)	0.0130 (7)	0.0038 (7)
C7	0.0430 (8)	0.0468 (9)	0.0418 (8)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0140 (7)	-0.0001 (7)
C8	0.0485 (9)	0.0578 (10)	0.0431 (9)	0.0042 (8)	0.0189 (7)	-0.0009 (8)
C9	0.0431 (9)	0.0561 (10)	0.0543 (10)	0.0058 (8)	0.0181 (8)	0.0022 (8)
C10	0.0395 (8)	0.0509 (10)	0.0450 (9)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0102 (7)	0.0020 (7)
C11	0.0461 (9)	0.0509 (10)	0.0394 (8)	-0.0027 (7)	0.0140 (7)	-0.0013 (7)
C12	0.0389 (8)	0.0472 (9)	0.0442 (8)	0.0013 (7)	0.0144 (7)	-0.0013 (7)
C13	0.0449 (9)	0.0615 (11)	0.0502 (9)	0.0041 (8)	0.0148 (8)	0.0021 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—N2	1.2352 (16)	C4—C5	1.379 (2)
O2—N2	1.2206 (16)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N1—C7	1.3483 (18)	C5—C6	1.382 (2)
N1—C6	1.4232 (19)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—H1	0.8600	C7—C12	1.418 (2)
N2—C12	1.4529 (19)	C7—C8	1.420 (2)
N3—C13	1.142 (2)	C8—C9	1.356 (2)
C1—C2	1.377 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.385 (2)	C9—C10	1.401 (2)
C1—H1B	0.9300	C9—H9A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.371 (3)	C10—C11	1.379 (2)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C10—C13	1.438 (2)
C3—C4	1.369 (3)	C11—C12	1.383 (2)
C3—H3A	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9300
C7—N1—C6	128.16 (14)	C5—C6—N1	117.71 (15)
C7—N1—H1	115.9	C1—C6—N1	122.08 (15)
C6—N1—H1	115.9	N1—C7—C12	123.37 (14)
O2—N2—O1	121.83 (13)	N1—C7—C8	121.29 (14)
O2—N2—C12	118.93 (13)	C12—C7—C8	115.30 (14)
O1—N2—C12	119.24 (13)	C9—C8—C7	122.46 (15)
C2—C1—C6	119.09 (17)	C9—C8—H8A	118.8
C2—C1—H1B	120.5	C7—C8—H8A	118.8
C6—C1—H1B	120.5	C8—C9—C10	120.70 (15)
C3—C2—C1	121.11 (18)	C8—C9—H9A	119.7
C3—C2—H2A	119.4	C10—C9—H9A	119.7
C1—C2—H2A	119.4	C11—C10—C9	119.11 (14)
C4—C3—C2	119.57 (17)	C11—C10—C13	119.86 (15)
C4—C3—H3A	120.2	C9—C10—C13	121.01 (15)
C2—C3—H3A	120.2	C10—C11—C12	120.19 (15)
C3—C4—C5	120.51 (18)	C10—C11—H11A	119.9
C3—C4—H4A	119.7	C12—C11—H11A	119.9
C5—C4—H4A	119.7	C11—C12—C7	122.20 (14)
C4—C5—C6	119.68 (18)	C11—C12—N2	115.57 (13)
C4—C5—H5A	120.2	C7—C12—N2	122.22 (13)

C6—C5—H5A	120.2	N3—C13—C10	179.6 (2)
C5—C6—C1	120.02 (15)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-1.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-1.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C13	-179.63 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.7 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.8 (3)	C13—C10—C11—C12	178.70 (15)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.1 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C7	1.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—N1	-175.33 (16)	C10—C11—C12—N2	-177.32 (14)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.3 (3)	N1—C7—C12—C11	179.94 (15)
C2—C1—C6—N1	176.26 (16)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-2.1 (2)
C7—N1—C6—C5	-137.13 (18)	N1—C7—C12—N2	-1.3 (2)
C7—N1—C6—C1	47.8 (3)	C8—C7—C12—N2	176.63 (15)
C6—N1—C7—C12	-175.60 (16)	O2—N2—C12—C11	-1.2 (2)
C6—N1—C7—C8	6.6 (3)	O1—N2—C12—C11	178.27 (15)
N1—C7—C8—C9	179.15 (16)	O2—N2—C12—C7	180.00 (15)
C12—C7—C8—C9	1.2 (2)	O1—N2—C12—C7	-0.6 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.4 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1 \cdots O1	0.86	1.96	2.6280 (18)	134
C3—H3A \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.59	3.478 (2)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*, *z*+1.

Fig. 1

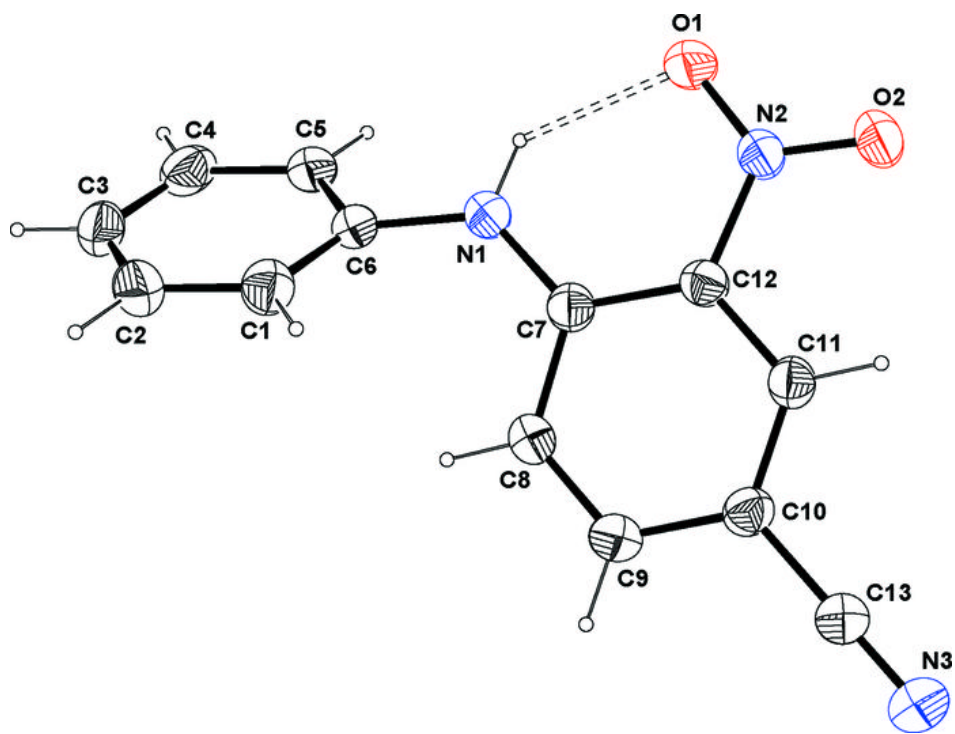


Fig. 2

